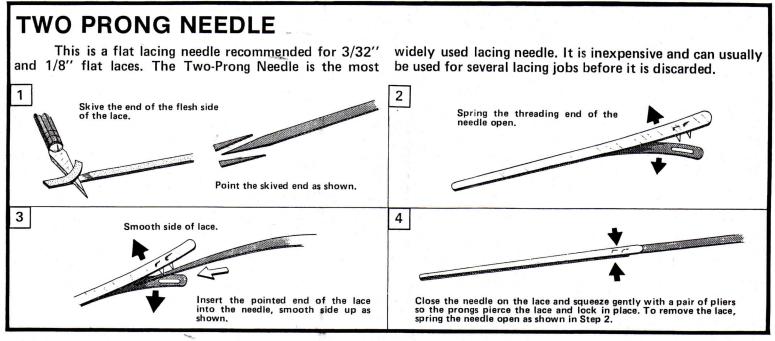
THREADING THE NEEDLES

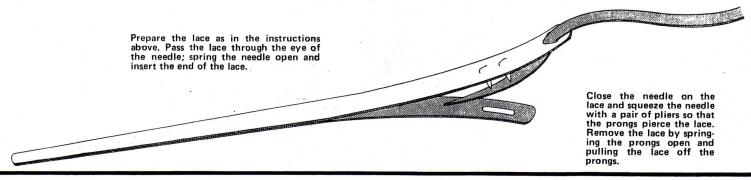
lacing. When you start lacing, the lace is usually stiff enough to go through the holes without a needle, but after going ough a holes it soon becomes too soft and pliant to

Just as in sewing, a needle is advantageous when push through. It's like trying to push a piece of thread through cloth without a needle. Below we will show you how to thread three diffirent kinds of lacing needles.



HOOK AND EYE NEEDLE

This is also a flat lacing needle. It is recommended for المرامع ' flat lace. The lace passes through a hole or eye in the end of the needle before it is gripped by the prongs and hooks. This helps to insure the lace will not slip out of the needle when you pull it through the leather. This needle is also considered to be disposable.



IFE EYE NEEDLES

These are solid brass round needles, much preferred by professional craftsmen. Unlike the two previous needles. the Life Eye Needles can be used again and again, as their names imply. The small size is recommended for 3/32"

and 1/8" laces while the large size, called the Latigo Life Eye, is used for larger laces such as 3/16" florentine, 5/32" buckstitch and even latigo laces.



Cut the lacing to a sharp point as show do not skive it. as shown here, but

> Now insert the pointed end of the lace in the open end of the needle and twist clockwise several times until the lace is firmly secured.

Should needle fail to thread properly, there is probably material lodged in the eye. This can be re-

If lacing accidently breaks even with the eye of this needle, unscrew stub with a pair of small tweezers. If this is unsuccessful, take a pin and run it into the stub of lace (at angle) and unscrew counter clockwise.

To remove the lace from the needle eye, twist the lace counter clockwise.